•	listorical Trust			
Maryland I	nventory of His	toric Propertie	es Form Su	rvey No. B-4736
1. Name				
Historic	203 – 213; 227 South E	Bethel Street		8
and / common				
2. Location				
street & number	203 – 213; 227 South E	Sethel Street		
city, town	Baltimore			
state & zip code	Maryland 21205	county		
district X building(s) structure site object	public X private both Public Acquisition in process being considered not applicable	X occupiedunoccupiedwork in progress Accessible X yes: restrictedyes: unrestrictedno	agriculture commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	park X private resident religious scientific transportation other:
4. Owner o	f Property			
street & number		telephone		
city, town		state & zi	p code	
5. Location	of Legal Descr	iption	and the second second second second second	
	of deeds, etc. Baltimore City			liber
street & number city, town Baltim		hell Courthouse State	f1d	folio
city, town Baltim	ore	State	Maryland	e de la companya de l
6. Represer	itation in Existi	ng Historical S	Surveys	
title				
date		federal state	e county	local
depository for survey	records	state & zi	n code	
city, town		state & zi	D code	

Maryland Historical Trust Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties Form

Survey No. B-4736

7. Description

Condition		Check One	Check One
excellent good _x fair	deteriorated ruins unexposed	unaltered X altered	X original sitemoved: date of move:

Prepare both a summary paragraph and a general description of the resource and its various elements as it exists today.

This row of six two-bay-wide, two-story-and-attic brick houses and an additional survivor of a pair of similar houses represent a popular type of Baltimore rowhouse built in the late 1840s and early 1850s to serve the city's growing working class population. The lower-pitched gable roof allowed for a more spacious upper story, which now could be lit by small rectangular windows at both the front and rear of the house, instead of the earlier dormer windows. Despite its practical nature, this new feature had its roots in a stylistic change in Baltimore's fashionable housing, the small "attic" windows being an important part of the façade design of much larger town mansions being built in the new Greek Revival style.

The houses are two-and-a-half stories in height, 12' wide, and occupy lots 57'deep. Each house has a one-story brick rear kitchen addition somewhat narrower than the house. The houses are constructed in running bond, and were originally painted. The low pitched gable roof has a simple corbelled brick cornice. The roofs are covered with modern asphalt shingles overtop the original cedar shakes. A double chimney located at the peak of the gable roof, along the outside wall of each unit, serves both the front and rear rooms. Each house also has a chimney at the rear of the kitchen addition.

The door and window openings are surmounted by segmentally-arched brick lintels, composed of a double row of headers, with scroll-sawn tympanums. The sills are wood. The window openings are filled with replacement 6/6 or 1/1 sash, but the original double-light attic window sash survives on 209 S. Bethel St. All of the original doors have been replaced with a variety of replacement door types set beneath single light transoms. The houses have no basements, the entrances being reached by a single concrete step.

The houses are two rooms deep, with the front room being entered directly from the front door. The front and back rooms of the first floor are separated by a wide opening, with the tightly winding, narrow stairs set in the rear room, in the space between the partition wall and the fireplace. There are two bedrooms on the second floor of the main part of the house, each with a fireplace. The third floor attic rooms have low sloping ceilings, with a maximum ceiling height of about seven feet at the peak of the gable sloping down to about four feet at the front and rear of the house. The one-story rear addition served as the kitchen, with its own cooking fireplace.

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8. Significance

Period	Area of significance	check one & justify		
prehistoric 1400-1499 1500-1599 1600-1699 1700-1799 X 1800-1899 1900	archeology-prehistoric archeology-historic agriculture X architecture art commerce communications	X community planning conservation economics education engineering exploration industry invention	landscape architecture law literature military music philosophy politics/government	religion science sculpture X social/ humanitarian theatre transportation other: specify
Specific dates c	1045 1055	invention	Ruilder/Architect	other. specify

Prepare both a summary paragraph of significance and a general statement of history and support.

These houses are significant as representing the two-story-and-attic, gable-roofed houses built in the late 1840s and 1850s to accommodate the growing labor force centered around the Baltimore waterfront and in fledgling industrial areas like Canton and southwest Baltimore. Although showing stylistic influences from Greek Revival style buildings constructed in Baltimore in the 1830s and 1840s (in the proportions of the attic windows, the chaste exterior details, and the double parlor floor plan), the outstanding feature of these houses is their extreme simplicity of design and detailing. They are practical adaptations of a current mode of building, designed to meet the need for efficient, low-cost housing for a growing working class community. The floor plan is essentially the same as that of the earlier Federal-style two-and-a-half story houses, but the opening between the two rooms is wider, reflecting popular Greek Revival tastes. The increase in height of the third story (from a dormer story to an attic story) allowed the third story to be divided into two separate rooms, in place of the one open room of the dormer story, thus providing welcome additional private living space to large families or those who had to take in boarders. The houses do not differ markedly from similar two-story-and-attic houses built on nearby main streets—they are simply somewhat narrower versions priced to serve less affluent residents of the old walking city.

The houses were built at a time when Fells Point was still an important ship building center for the growing town of Baltimore. Early occupants included people involved in the maritime trades, small-scale craftsmen, and laborers who made their homes in the smaller-scale and more affordable housing located on the small "alley" streets of Fells Point. Until about 1850 Bethel Street was known as Apple Alley and its occupants were racially mixed.

The houses are especially significant as being located near the oldest part of Fells Point, only a few blocks from the water, and represent an integral part of the history of this expanded National Register district. Slated for demolition in the 1960s as part of the planned East-West highway connection existing segments of I-95 to the north and south of the city, these houses were saved by local preservation activists who created the Fells Point National Register District in 1969.

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Survey No. B-4735 (

9. Major Bibliographic References

Mary Ellen Hayward and Charles Belfoure, *The Baltimore Rowhouse* (New York: Princeton Architectural Press, 1999)

10. Geographic Data

Acreage of nominated property

Quadrangle name

Verbal boundary description and justification

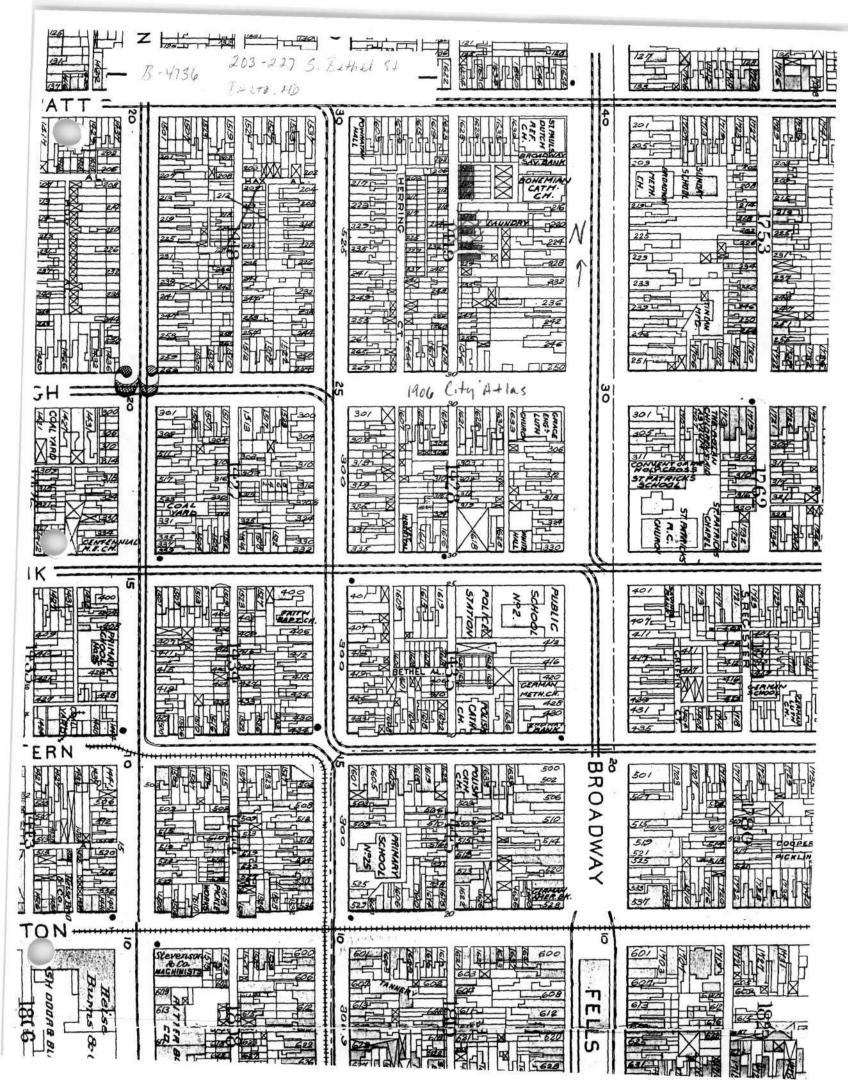
11. Form Prepared by

name / title Dr. Mary Elle	en Hayward			
Organization The Alley He	ouse Project	date June	2000	
street & number 1306 Ca	arrollton Ave.	telephone		
city, town Baltim	iore	state & zip code	Maryland	21204

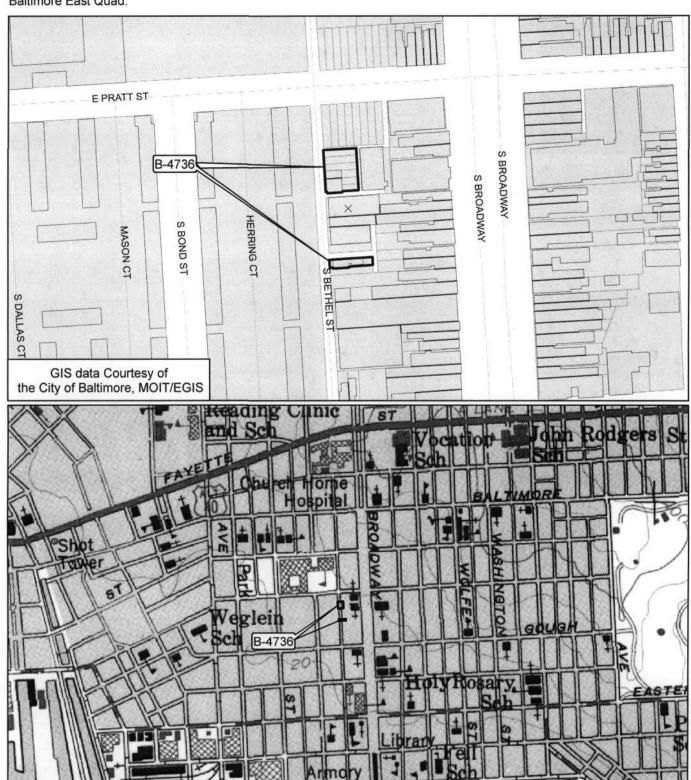
The Maryland Historic Sites Inventory was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature to be found in the Annotate Maryland, Article 41, section 181 KA, 1974 supplement.

The survey and inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement c rights.

Return to: DHCP/DHCD Maryland Historical Trust 100 Community Place Crownsville MD 21032-2023



B-4736 203-213 & 227 S. Bethel Street Block 1419, Lots 081-086 & 093 Baltimore City Baltimore East Quad.





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227 S. Bethel

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